

نموذج أسئلة لمادة القراءة - نجل 019

كتاب MEDICINE



• هذه النماذج لطلاب جامعة الملك خالد السنة التحضيرية للتخصصات الصحية

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Practice Materials (Part 2)

COURSE - 019

READING

MEDICINE 1

Unit 11 (page 100) - Working with colleagues

Q.1. Choose the correct answer for the following questions.

(i) The objective of this passage is to show the necessity of _____.

- a) communication | b) leadership | c) cooperation | d) information

(ii) Doctors need to acknowledge the contribution of others' _____ to management.

- a) indifference | b) hostility | c) viewpoints | d) hospitality

(iii) Doctors are required to promote _____.

- a) gang war | b) team spirit | c) communal riot | d) aggression

(iv) In emergency, a doctor has to grab the driver's seat in case of his own _____.

- a) right | b) specialization | c) supremacy | d) ignorance

(v) The goal of clinical fraternity should be given more importance than _____.

- a) collective interest | b) honesty | c) individual interest | d) patriotism

Q.2. According to your reading, circle T for true and F for false statement.

(i) Doctors have to recognize the necessity of right information for the right people.

[T / F]

(ii) Non-medical people in a clinical team deserve more attention than medical people.

[T / F]

(iii) The opinion of other health care professionals should be disregarded.

[T / F]

(iv) Team members with fewer degrees are to be treated with less respect.

[T / F]

(v) Communication within a medical setting has to be secret in nature.

[T / F]

Q.3. Choose the correct answer for the following questions.

i) Which one is NOT an important feature of teamwork?

- a) To appreciate others' opinions
b) To respect all team members
 c) To take leadership role promptly
d) To encourage open communication

ii) Which one should be the role of the volunteering people in a medical setting?

- a) To communicate openly with the physicians
b) To ensure equal treatment to all professionals
 c) To support patients, carers and families
d) To show leadership skills



(ii) A single dose of MMR can ensure 100% protection against: _____

- | | | | |
|------------|----------|------------|---------|
| a) measles | b) mumps | c) rubella | d) none |
|------------|----------|------------|---------|

(iii) A single dose of MMR is least effective against _____.

- | | | | |
|------------|----------|------------|---------|
| a) measles | b) mumps | c) rubella | d) none |
|------------|----------|------------|---------|

(iv) Immunizing previously infected or vaccinated individuals is not _____.

- | | | | |
|---------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| a) safe | b) necessary | c) harmful | d) effective |
|---------|--------------|------------|--------------|

Q.2. According to your reading, circle T for true and F for false statement.

(i) Two doses of MMR are given at the same time. [T / F]

(ii) MMR vaccination can be given more than once in a life time. [T / F]

Q.3. Answer the following questions:

a) What happens after giving the first dose of the MMR vaccines?

b) Why are two doses of MMR required?

Unit 8 (page 80) – Barriers to prevention

Q.1. Choose the correct answer for the following questions.

(i) Preventive measures are not effective with all due to our _____.

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|----------|----------------|-------------|----------|
| a) genes | b) selfishness | c) exercise | d) habit |
|----------|----------------|-------------|----------|

(ii) People angry with advice from health authorities show _____ barriers to prevention.

- | | | | |
|------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| a) genetic | b) cognitive | c) psychological | d) metaphysical |
|------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|

(iii) Patients unwilling to follow preventive courses do not love their _____.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|----------------|----------------|
| a) well-wishers | b) genes | c) future self | d) authorities |
|-----------------|----------|----------------|----------------|

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Q.2. According to your reading, circle T for true and F for false statement.

- (i) Diet advice is more important than exercise in modern times. [T / F]
- (ii) Some people are angry with the state because they think the state treats them as five-year-old citizens. [T/ F]
- (iii) According to Samuel Taylor Coleridge, the people who do not love their neighbors will not recover ^{تعاين} from illness. [T / F]

Q.3. Answer the following questions:

- a) What are the main barriers to prevention?

- b) Why is it so difficult to persuade people to courses of preventive action?

Unit 9 (page 86) – Eliciting the history

Q.1. Choose the correct answer for the following questions.

- (i) If the patient denies having any problem, it is advisable to _____.

a) leave him alone | b) give him time | c) put pressure on him | d) tell him stories

- (ii) The problem list prepared with the help of the patient should be _____.

a) focused | b) extensive | c) intimidating | d) fictional

- (iii) Discussing suicidal thoughts with the patient keeps the danger _____.

a) under control | b) unchanged | c) away | d) ever increasing

- (iv) Anhedonia is the inability to receive _____.

a) pressure | b) amusement | c) persecution | d) tension

- (iv) _____ is not a biological marker of depression.

a) Early rising | b) Loss of appetite | c) Gaining weight | d) Loss of health



Q.2. According to your reading, circle T for true and F for false statement.

- (i) If the patient is not referred by any GP, he cannot receive any treatment. [T / F]
- (ii) After listening to what the patient has to say, the doctor should interrupt with specific topics. [T / F]
- (iii) The mental state of the patient both at the time of the interview and during last few weeks have to be examined. [T / F]

Q.3. Answer the following questions:

a) What approaches are suggested for dealing with patients who are hesitant about talking to the doctor?

b) What should you check for specifically in the history?

c) When are suicidal thoughts, plans or actions more dangerous?

d) What are the biological markers of depression?

Unit 10 (page 94) – Breaking bad news

Q.1. Choose the correct answer for the following questions.

(i) There are no _____ ways to break bad news.

- a) tough and varied | b) complicated but safe | c) definite and convenient | d) difficult but sure

(ii) Getting information about the people accompanying the patient is part of the _____ step.

- a) first | b) second | c) third | d) fourth

(iii) Giving an indication before actually breaking the news is the _____ step.

- a) first | b) second | c) third | d) fourth



(iv) Checking with the scared patient whether to give more information is the _____ step.

- | | | | |
|----------|----------|------------|-----------|
| a) fifth | b) sixth | c) seventh | d) eighth |
|----------|----------|------------|-----------|

(v) The _____ step is the ^{حاسم}crucial step from the patient's consideration.

- | | | | |
|------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| a) seventh | b) eighth | c) ninth | d) tenth |
|------------|-----------|----------|----------|

Q.2. According to your reading, circle T for true and F for false statement.

(i) Observing other people breaking bad news may be an ^{مراصية}initiative. [T / F]

(ii) Preparing a treatment plan for the patient is part of the tenth step. [T / F]

(iii) Kaye's ten steps are the only ^{فعالته فقط}effective way to breaking bad news. [T / F]

Q.3. Answer the following questions:

a) Make a list of first four steps to breaking bad news.

b) What are the final two steps?



(v) Females are _____ obese than males.

- a) less b) more c) as d) least

(vi) The Australian Better Health Initiative aims at promoting _____ weight.

- a) heavy b) extreme c) balanced d) light

(vii) In 2004-05, the number of overweight people increased from 1995 by _____ million.

- a) 7.4 b) 5.4 c) 2.4 d) 2

Q.2. According to your reading, circle T for true and F for false statement.

- (i) Obese and overweight people do not work at all. [T / F]
- (ii) Overweight and obesity are world-wide problems. [T / F]
- (iii) The rate of obesity in adults has increased by 5% from 1995 to 2004-05. [T / F]
- (iv) Many people do not consider the standard BMI definitions as acceptable. [T / F]
- (v) People's perception of acceptable weight increased in 2004-05 compared to 1995. [T / F]
- (vi) Australian society and governments spent \$ 21 billion to reduce obesity. [T / F]
- (vii) Since 1995, men became more overweight than women. [T / F]

Q.3. Answer the following question:

a) How is obesity caused?

diabetes cardiovascular diseases some cancers

b) Write three chronic illnesses that are caused by overweight and obesity.

Energy imbalance

Unit 7 (page 72) – Recommendations for the use of the vaccine

Q.1. Choose the correct answer for the following questions.

(i) MMR vaccine is given to _____ individuals.

- a) adult b) young c) qualified d) sick